

**File of Breakdown Service of the welding machine GYSMI TIG 160 HF****SYNOPSIS**

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Index Version: Indice 2	File of breakdown procedure of welding machine of GYSMI TIG 160 HF
	08/06/2004 : Creation of file

1) Preliminary analyse and advice on the GYSMI TIG 160HF

1.1) Reminder about safety

- The interventions made on the welding machine must be entrusted to qualified people.
- The welding machine must be disconnected and you will have to wait at least 30 minutes to intervene with the welding machine, or discharge high voltage capacitor

1.2) The general advice on the intervention (internet page)

- Read the general information on Inverters Gysmi
- Before all interventions on the GYSMI TIG160 HF, check with the customer if it handles with a "diagnostic of external breakdown " **on the model Inverter Gys**, (See Internet Page). and chapter 1.4 for the breakdowns specific to Gysmi TIG 160 HF
- Read the clause of un-warranty on all the Inverter models, **(See Internet page)**.
- Carry out a visual monitoring to detect the obvious breakdowns (Zones of overheating, badly crimped thimble, browned diode, burnt transformer, mechanical breakage, modulate power (destroyed component, browned zone)).
- Refer to the categories of not-reparable breakdowns on the Internet page.

1.3) The useful advice for the continuation of the diagnosis of the breakdowns.

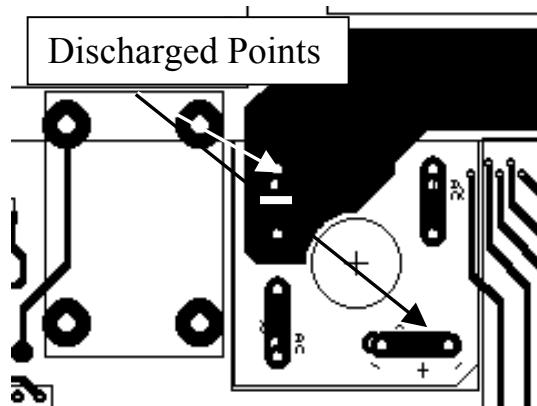
- Don't charge the welding machine immediately.
- Components CMS can be put in short-circuit or open circuit. The checking of resistors is done in "ohmmeter", the Zener diode and other diodes are measured in position "Diode" on the MultiMate. For all connections on the chart, weld legs onto the indicated points of contacts (the card is varnished, attention with the risks of bad contacts due to the dielectric isolation that occurred with varnish, use test probes with a pointed end in order to break the layer of varnish).
- Provide a resistor(1KΩ 7 W) to discharge the capacitors of high capacity.
- Check the chapter of usual breakdowns on the present procedure.
 - Control point by point this file and carry out repairs if necessary
- See the **list of components SAV and their distributor's reference** (see Internet page)

1.4) List of external breakdowns specific at Gysmi TIG 160 HF of external causes.

Failures	Origin	Solution
Orange Del on the back face not lit	- No mains supply plug 230V	- Check the electric installation and the mains plug voltage
Orange Del on the back face is lit and orange warning light is lit	- The thermal protection is engaged, the fan is turning	- Wait for a cooling of the welding, the Fan is starting, Wait for restarting the welding (about 2 minutes)
	- Power Group Protection The fan is turning	- Check the output voltage of the power group lower to 265V
	- Cooling time more than two minutes Insufficient air for cooling	- Make sure there is enough air - Clean the filter
	- Failure of the circuit SMI, the orange warning is lighted continually	- Wait for a cooling of the welding, the fan is starting , wait for restarting the welding (about 2 minutes) If orange del is still lit (check the welding machine).
MMA: no welding	- Selection switch	- Check middle position MMA.
	- Connections of welding cables are incorrect	- Check the connections of the connections
	- Putting incorrect earth	- Set the earth cable on the work piece
MMA: welding current too weak	- The potentiometer "I" current is adjusted too low	- Increase the current adjustment in order to equal the electrode size.
TIG : HF absent	- Selection switch	- Check switch position on TIG (HF)
	- Switch on the torch	- Check the connections of the torch
	- Connections of welding cables incorrect	- Check the cable's connections
	- Electrode of the torch Polluted or damaged	- Clean your tungsten electrode and bevelled
	- No more gas or end of the bottle of gas	- Check the pressure of the bottle
	- HF generator	- Check the HF element in the welder
TIG: no Gas	- Gas bottle is imperfect	- Check the pressure of the bottle of gas - Adjustment gas output of the bottle between 4 and 8 Litre / Min.
	- Electromagnetic sluice value is imperfect	- Hear if electromagnetic sluice value commutate without gas
	- Connections of gas circuit are blocked	- Check the connections of the bottle
	- Auxiliary power supply	- Check the welder
TIG: Oxidation of the electrode and not remain bright after the welding	- Insufficient gas	- Check the pressure of the gas bottle and the diffusion of gas
	- The gas stops before the end of the welding process	- Increase the time of "post gas"
TIG: Electrode is melting	- Bad polarity of the electrode	- Connect the TIG welding torch to negative connector
	- Bad protector Gas, Not protector Gas	- Use a protector Gas « Argon »

2) Diagnoses of the most usual breakdowns on the GYSMI TIG 160 HF

- Disconnect the welding Gysmi from the mains supply
- Unscrew the 12 screws of welding machine on the higher cap
- Put the upper side card of PCB on the table.
- Reassembly in opposite order.
- Discharge the capacitors of high capacity with a resistor 1KΩ 7W (to see photo opposite) between the points -HT and +HT, and check the voltage with a MultiMate =0V.



2.1) the welding machine does not start:

2.1.a) Control the resistor of charge R00_13

If the welding machine starts under mains supply (lit green indicator, the fan turns), but the voltage of the capacitors high Voltages is not present. The relay of load RL00_1 toggles but the Relays RL00_2 and RL00_3 do not toggle.

Check with a MultiMate in position “ohmmeter” on the pin's R00_13 Value= 4.7Ω ref: 63146

If the resistor is faulty, change the resistor.
Value 4.7Ω 11W Ref: 63146

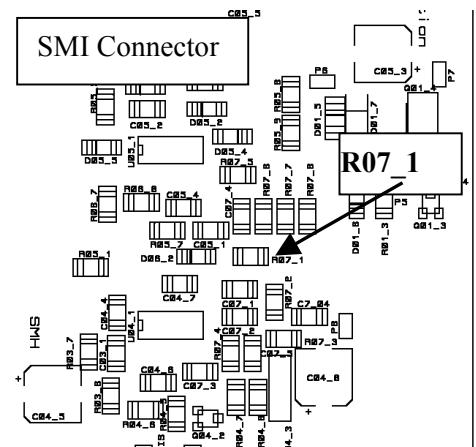


2.1.b) Control of SMI power module

Check with a MultiMate in position “ohmmeter” on the pin's R07_1 Value= 10Ω

If this one is in open circuit,
Check the SMI Module in visual.

The power circuits are probably destroyed
Return the welding machine in SAV GYS



2.2) The welding machine trip the main supply

2.2.a) Control of SMI insulation between of earth :

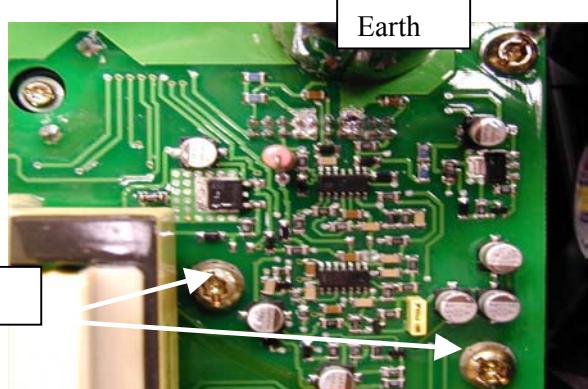
In the case of the welding trip the main supply:

Check with a MultiMate in position “Ohmmeter”

Check between each primary screw and the earth.

You read a infinite resistor, in the contrary case the SMI is probably put in short-circuit, to return the welding machine to the SAV

Primary

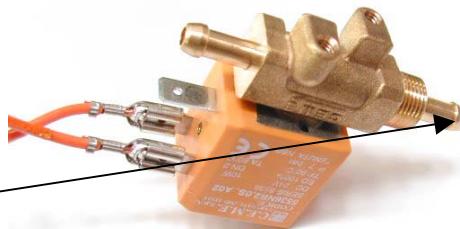


2.3) the gas leaking on the torch:

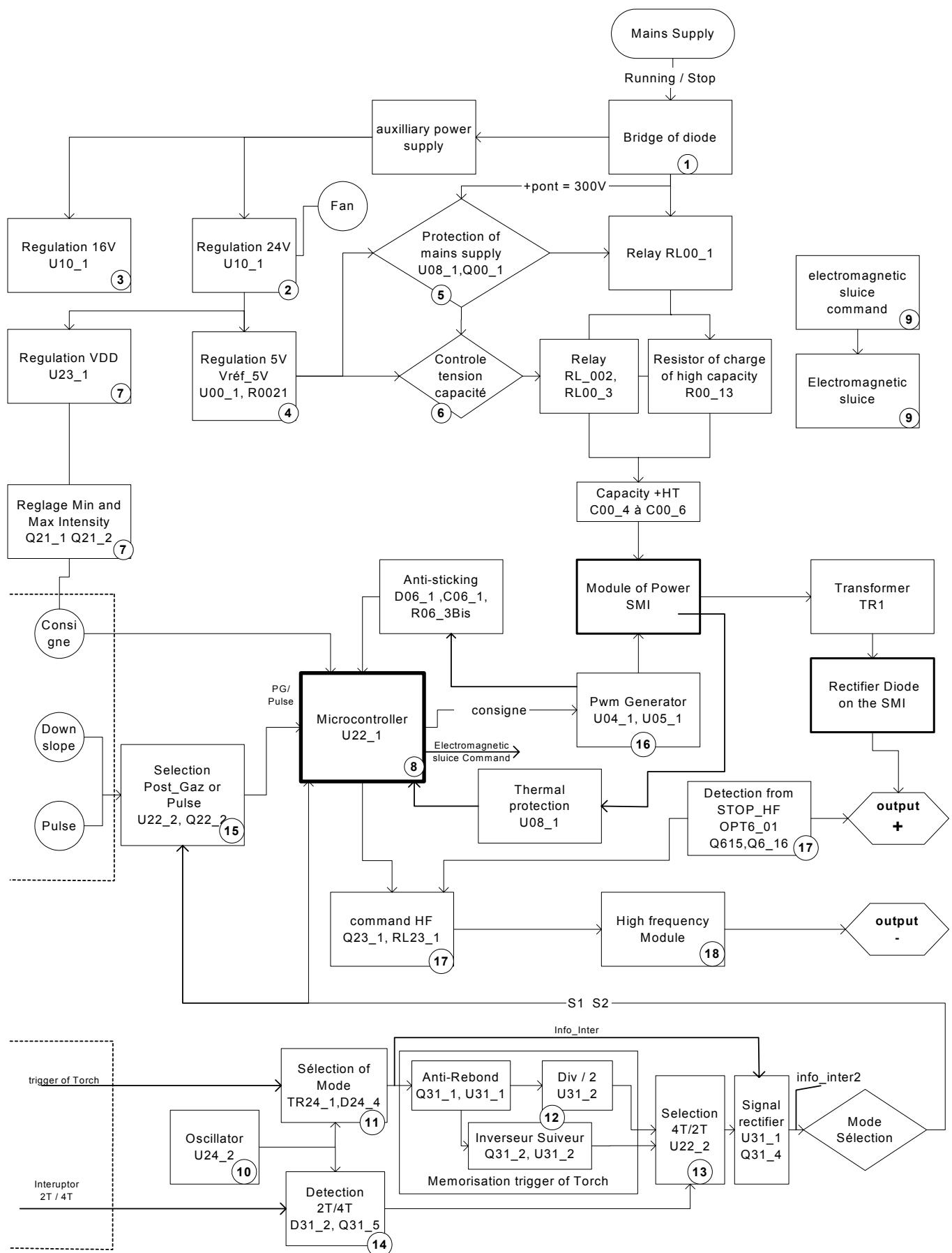
You have a Gas leakage all the time of welding machine, because the Electromagnetic sluice is blocked.

You try out in electromagnetic sluice gate into blowing to 3 or 4 bars by the front of the station and start the welding machine for activate electromagnetic sluice.

Control the filter in the extremity of electromagnetic slice.
If you have a same problem, replaced electromagnetic slice.



3) Description of functions of Gysmi 160 HF



4) Procedure of breakdown service of the GYSMI TIG 160 HF

One voltmeter or MultiMate

One oscilloscope + one voltage probes *10

Two DC Isolated power supplies (30 Volts minimum: 40V max.), limit of Current 1 Amp.

Electrics Cables and wires

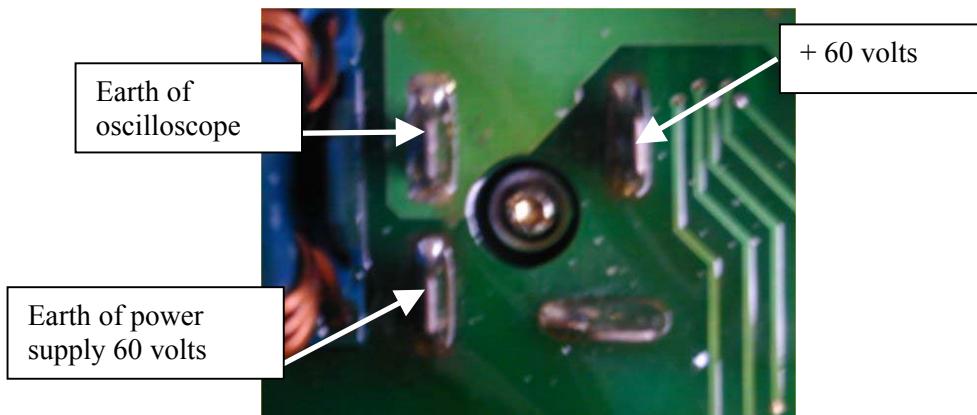
For the following operations, disconnect the machine of mains supply.

For the next test, the measures are checked under low voltage:

Check the function of each part of the electronic board with external power supply. If there is no oscilloscope, you could use a voltmeter with the average voltage "CH1 average" the measure indicated on the chronogram of the points to be controlled. Regulate the power supply 60V and current limited to 0.5 Amps

For the test of the reduced power supply, it is necessary to disconnect the red wire of the ventilator. You connect the power supply 60volts of the bridge on the PCB. (See photo below)

This makes it possible to test chart without having together the risks of the tension sector and obtaining the same signals as for an operation on sector. The description of the functions makes it possible to visualize a voltage output on each integrated circuit.



Description of Functions	Action	Components	Page
1) 60V on the bridge	G_13 =+Pont = 60V	Pont 50A	1
Auxiliary power supply Viper start, the signal is in output on the Viper, Signal of oscillator on pin 5 of the U10_1 circuit. The consummation of the power supply is $I = 0.06A$ nearly. Attention, if the power supply is in short-circuit the tensions will not be nominal value. V_24V measured value equalizes with 27Volts approximately. V_15B measured value equalizes with 16.7Volts approximately.			
2) Regulation V_24V by the Viper	G02 = 24V	U10_1	1
The power supply is present on the function 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 17			
3) Regulation V_15VB by the viper	G03 = 16V	U10_1	1
The power supply is present on the function 12, 13, 14, 15, 16			
4) Regulation Vref 5V	M18= 5V	U00_1, R00_21	2
Measure the voltage Vref5V = 5V around			

5) if V_{24V}, Vref = 5V Presents, the Relay RL00_1 switch the voltage +Pont = 60V . The Resistor R00_13 is used for to charge the capacitors C00_4 to C00_6

RL00_1,U08_1,Q00_1,R00_13

2

V_{Pont} = 60 Volts, if the voltage is null, check the resistor R00_13.

6) If +HT=300V present, the Relay RL00_2 and RL00_3 switch after check of voltage on the pin's of capacitors C00_4 à C00_6

Shunt R00_13

RL00_2,RL00_3,U08_1

2

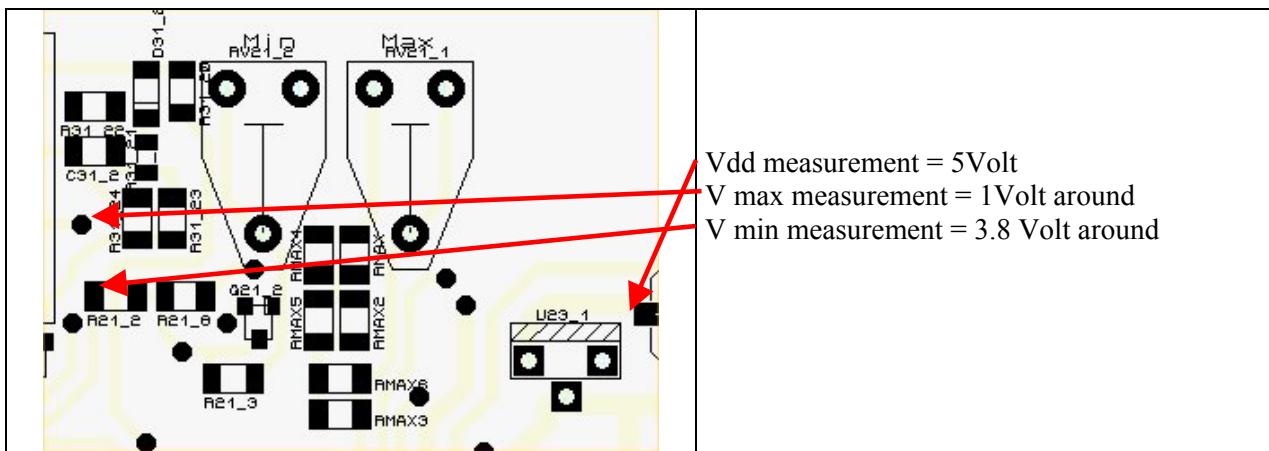
Note: In reduced power supply the Relays RL00_2 and RL00_3 do not switch because the voltage mains supply is not present.

7) Regulation VDD = 5V with power supply 24V

U23_1

page 6

Vdd measurement = 5V is present in the micro-controller (function 8) and the reglage Min Max.

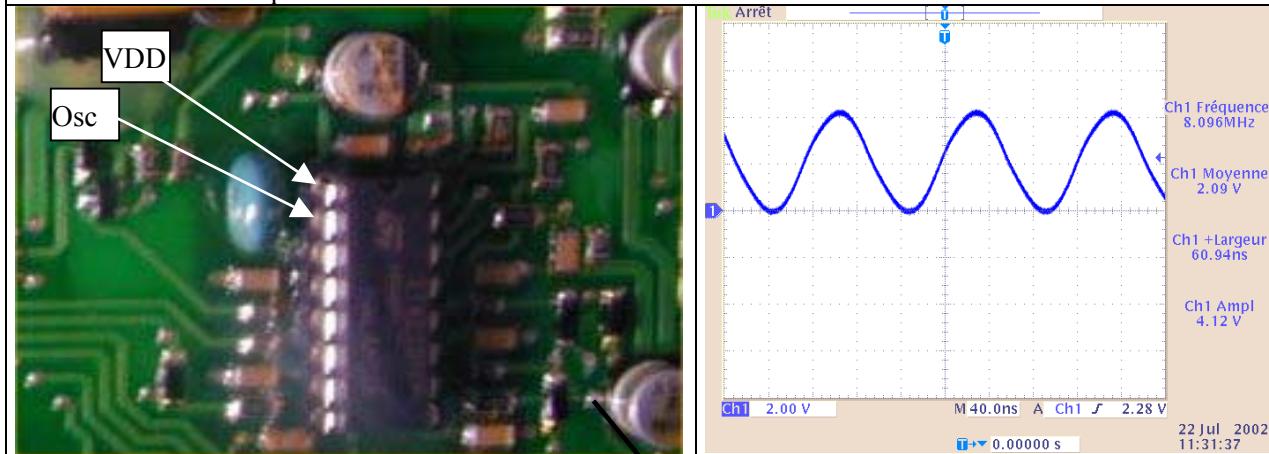


8) Oscillation of Micro-controller, Regulation Min Max

U22_1,X22_1

page 6

Check the oscillation point of Micro control OSC



The right chronogram is obtained with the parameters:

Potentiometer current min 10A

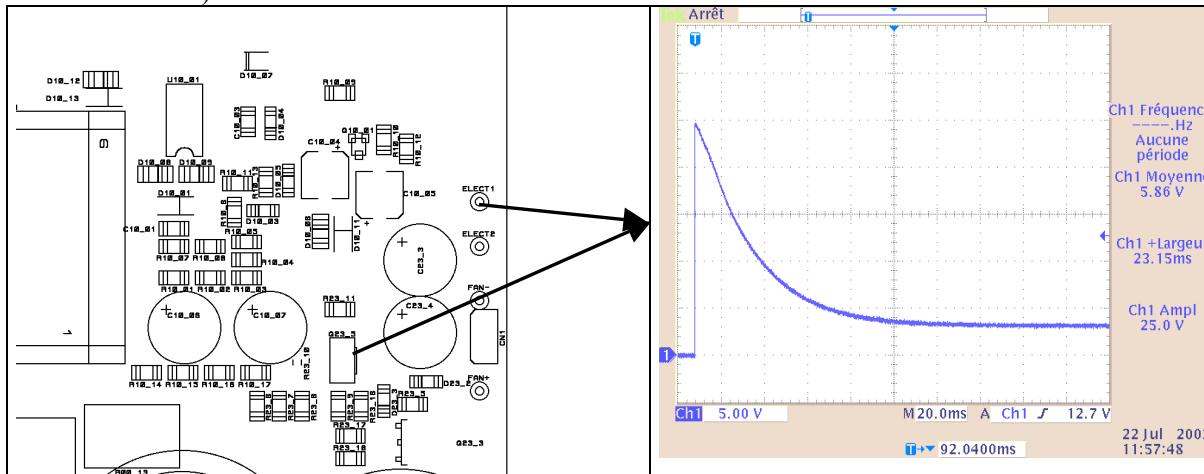
The mode selector in position MMA
(Example of the signal from regulation intensity)

9) Command of electromagnetic sluice gate

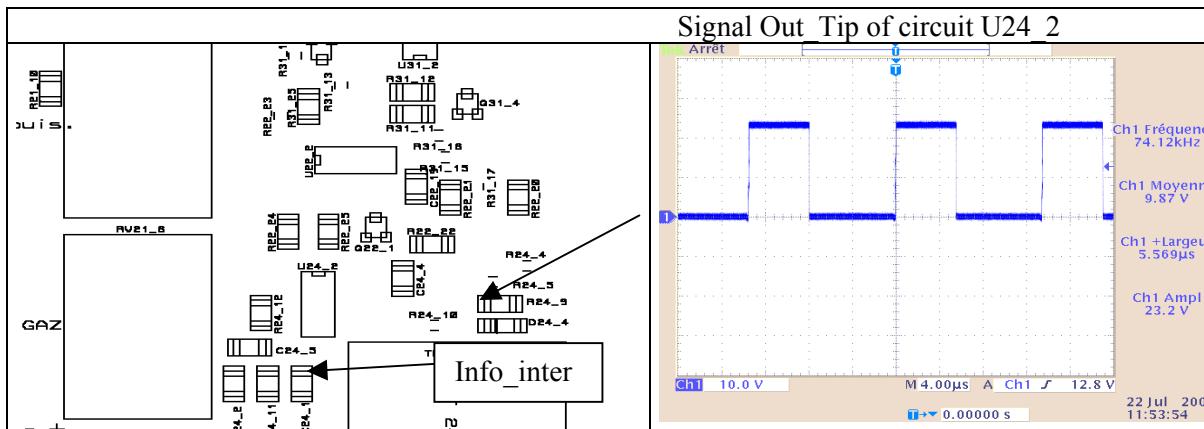
Q23_4, Q23_5, Q23_3 Page 6

The signal Com_Elec provide by the micro-controller, The signal peak voltage 24V on the electromagnetic sluice gate then the circuit supplies hold current to maintain the opening during approximately 3 seconds.

(Pts de Test : Elect 1)

**10) Oscillator of command interface**

U24_1, U24_2 Page 6



You have a signal Out_Tip of pin circuit U24_2, frequency 75Khz

11) Mode Selector (MMA, TIG TSL, Amorçage)

TR24_1, D24_4

Page 7

You checking the value according to the position of interrupter mode selection in front face.

If the values are not good, check the interrupter (type, on Off, On mode selection in Ohmmeter or U24-2 is faulty).

This signal is supplied on the operational amplifier and the diodes for obtain the next table.

This signal S1 and S2/bar are sent to the micro -controller.

Function	Signal Info_inter	S1	S2/bar
Amorçage gâchette.	0.9V	0	0
TIG HF	2.7V	0	1
Tig TSL	5.2v	1	1
MMA	7.0v	1	0

12) Functions memorizing trigger 2T/ 4T

Q31_1, U31_1, U31_2, Q31_2 page 7

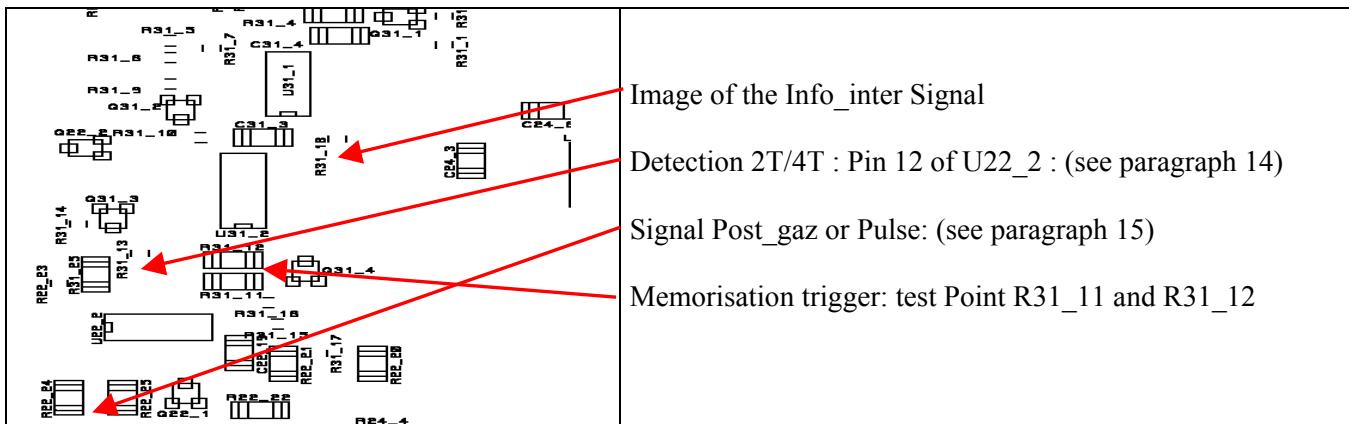
The circuit U31_1 and Q31_1 latch the signal info_inter, the transistor Q31_2 reverse the signal info_inter that the trigger of torch is activate and send towards the function (selector circuit 2T/4T)

You measure the signal Info_Inter after resistor R31_18 near the circuit U31_1

13) Setting forms some according to the selector 4T/ 2T

U22_2 C,D

page 7

**14) Detection 2T / 4T**

U22_2 A,B page 7

This function controls a position of interrupter in the front face than activation the output of transistor Q31_5.

Position of interrupter	Pin 12 of U22_2
2T	Niveau 0 : 10V
4T	Niveau 1 : 0V

15) Post_gaz or Pulse selector

U22_2 A,B page 7

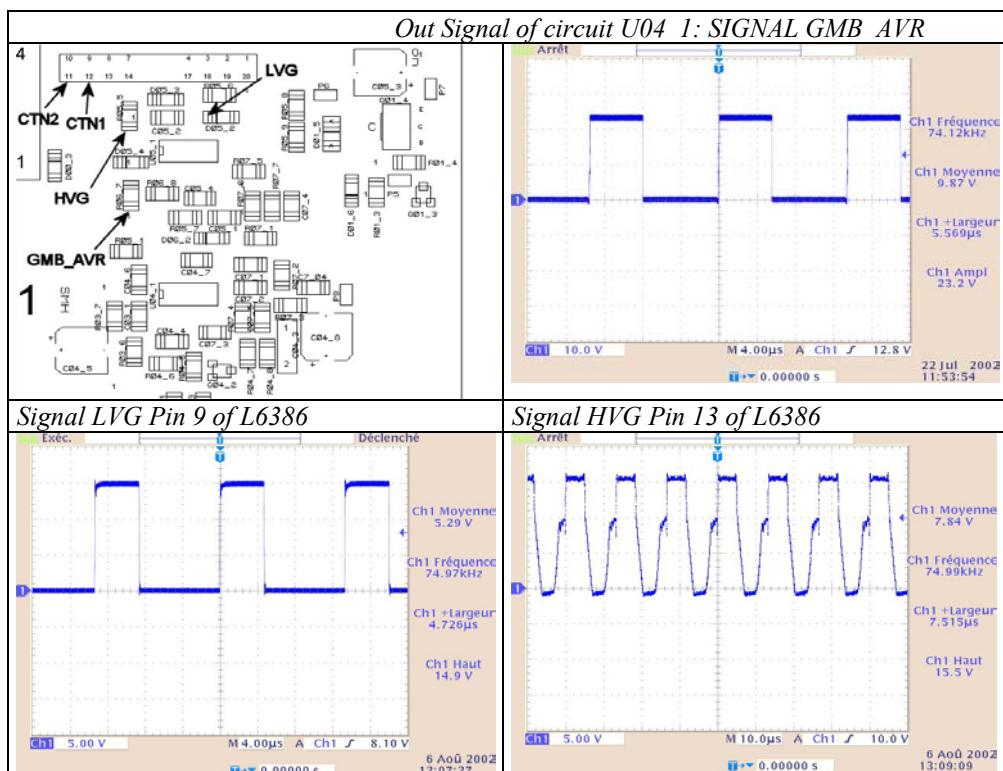
This function controls the signal Post_gaz or Pulse to the micro-controller in function of trigger on the torch.

Trigger of Torch	Pin 8 of Micro-controller (U22_1)	Value measured
Inactive	Signal Post_gaz	0 to 5Volt
Active	Signal Pulse	0 to 5Volt

16) PWM generator

U04_1,U05_1 page 3

This function generate a frequency for the circuit (UC3845), this signal is transmitted at the circuit driver (L6386) for the control of module SMI.



17) Circuit of command High frequency

Q23_1, RL23_1

page 6

The micro-controller sends the control signal on the Q23_1 transistor, which makes switch Relay RL23_1. The mains supply is injected on the module Hf.

This function is activated when the interrupter mode is on HF and switch presses on the trigger of torch, relay RL23_1 switch.

18) Module of high frequency

Q30_1,D30_6,Q30_2

page 4

The module HF generates a voltage high (1000V).

You don't intervene on this function when the station is under tension

This function must be checked with the upper cover of the station and to carry out a test of welding TIG.

Checking of welding machine:

After having controlled all functions in order, you will resolve the red son of the fan.

Screw the high carcass of the welding machine

Connect the TIG 160 on the mains supply.

The Green Led lit and the fan turn.

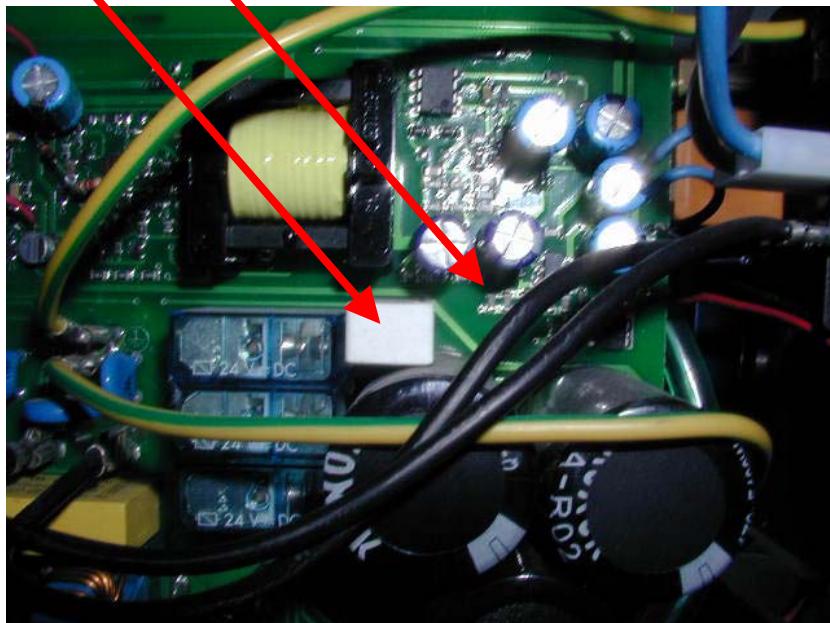
Control the voltage of the output on the welding machine.

Position mode selector	Output voltage	Checking
MMA (Position 80 ampères)	Around 60 Volts	Testing to charge or welding
MMA (Position Min 10 ampères)	Voltage between 10V at 60 Volts	
MMA L	Around 14Volts	Testing to charge or welding
HF	Don't Checking Measure	Testing to TIG

Evolution of PCB 2.0, this modification is very important

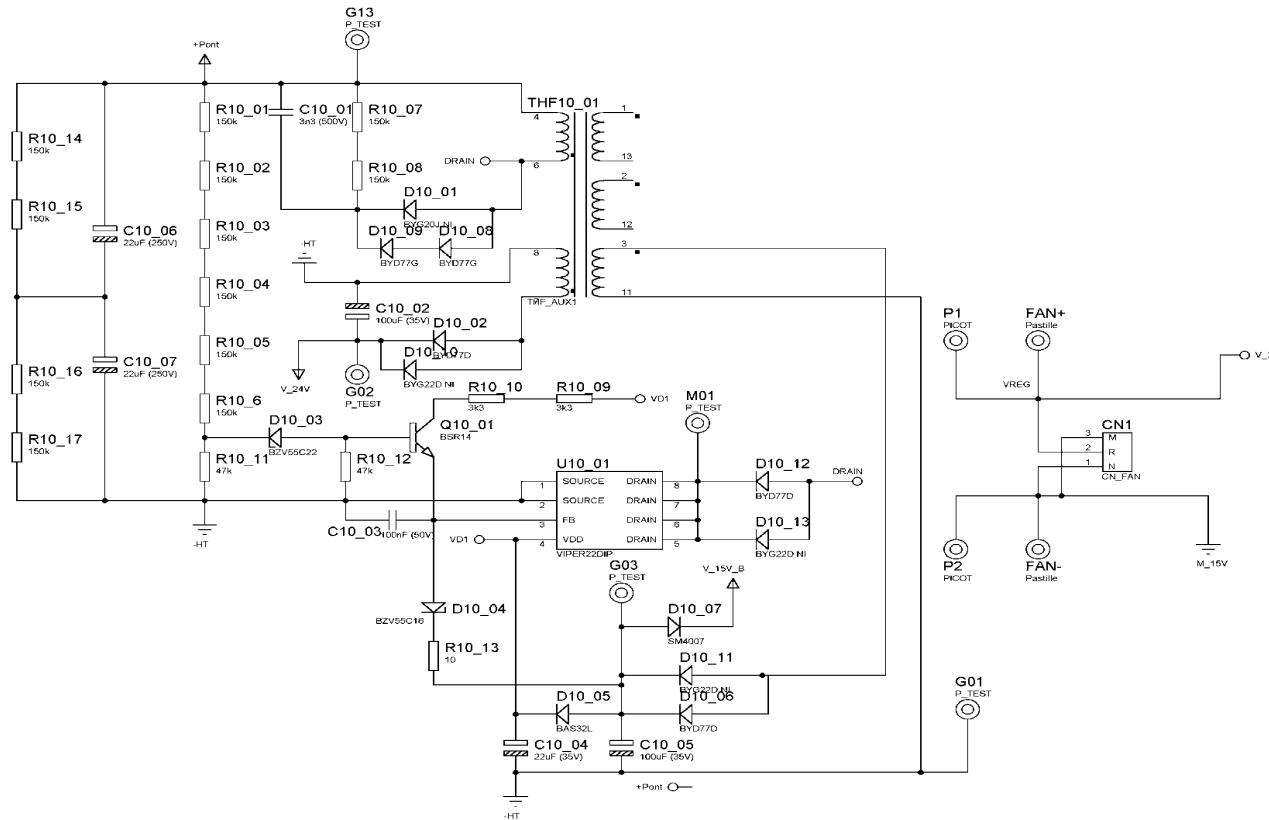
- | | |
|-----|---|
| 2.1 | Change the resistor of charge R00_13 (4.7ohm 7W) mark "TYH"
by the resistor value (4.7ohms 11 W Reference GYS 63146) |
|-----|---|

This modification is very important



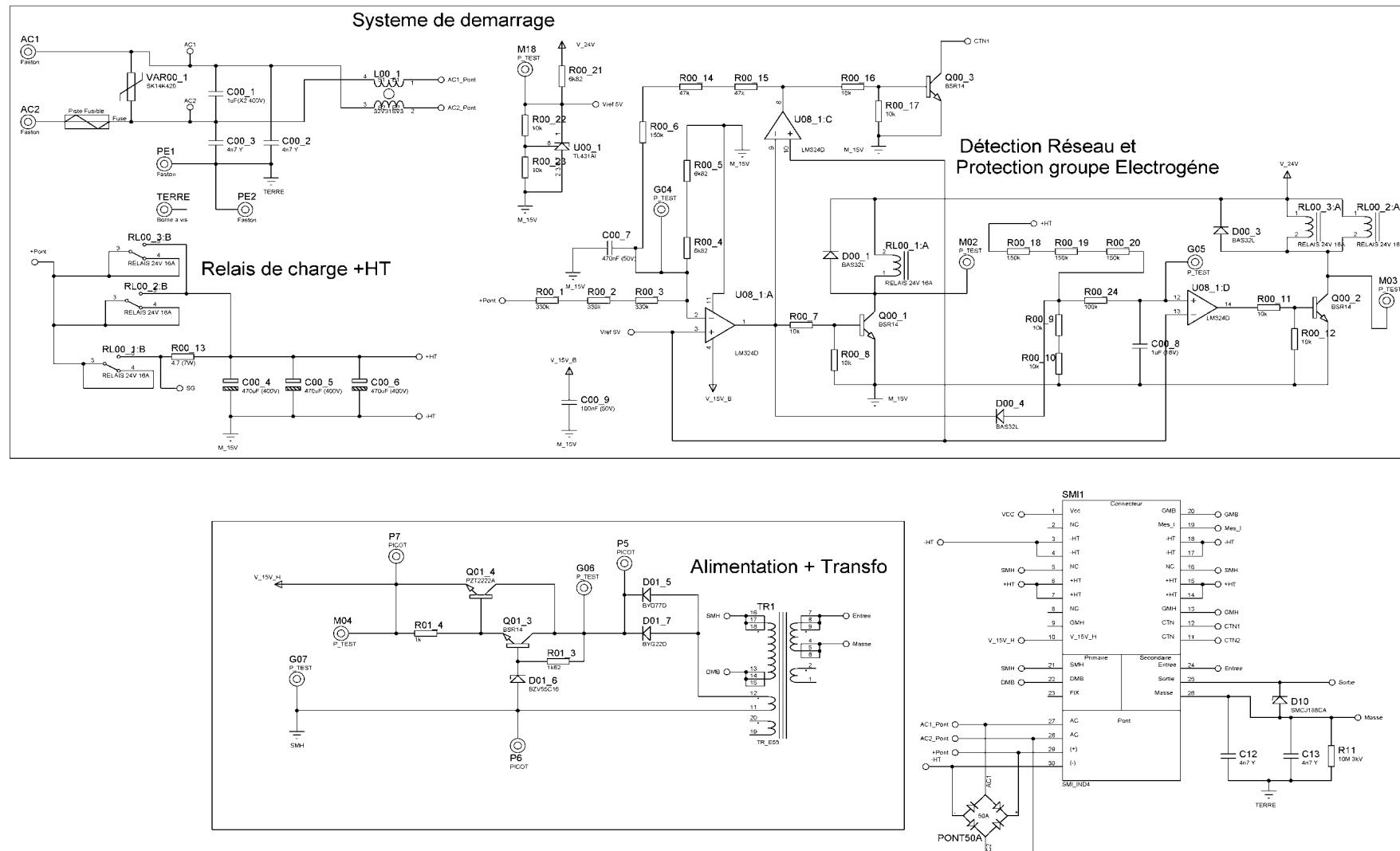
5) Electrical Schematics:

Schema 1 : auxiliary power supply

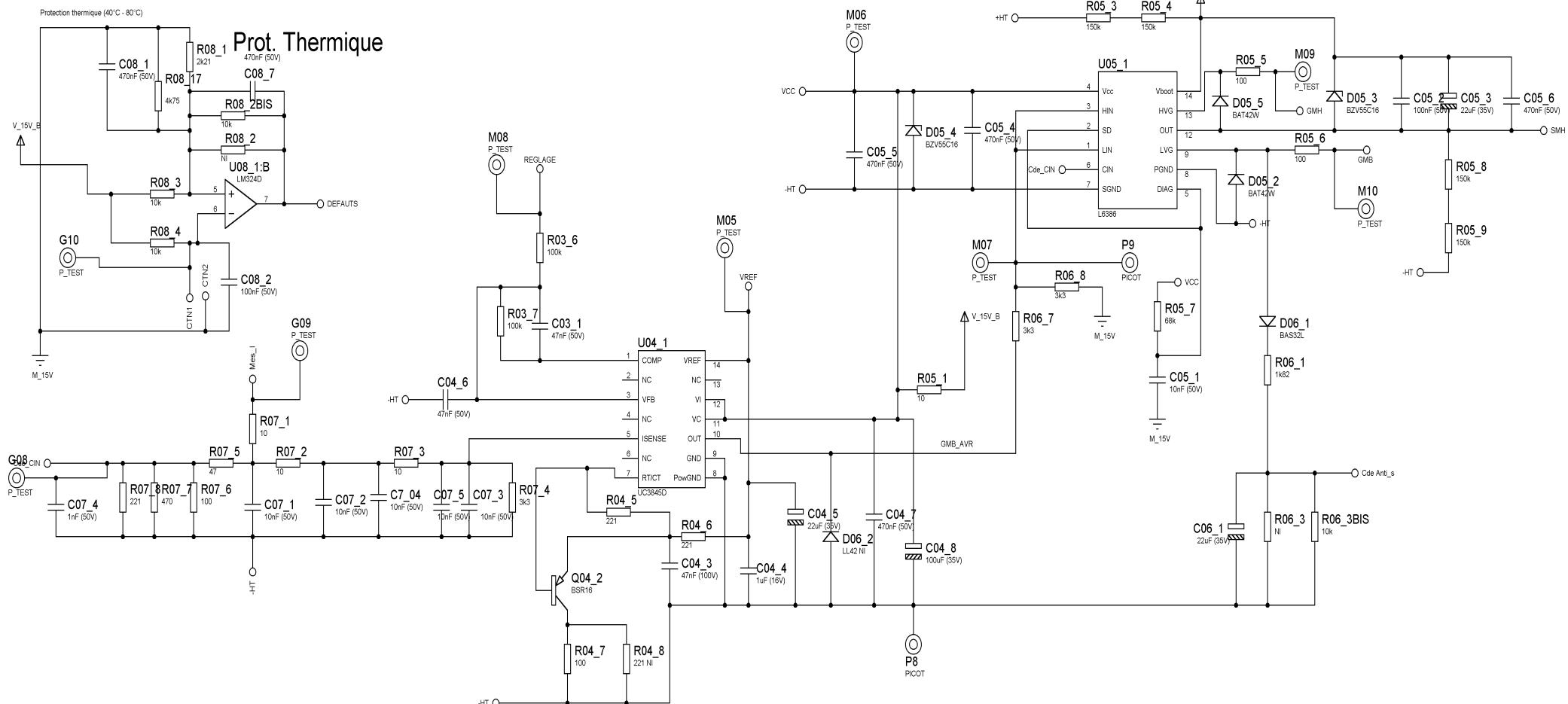


TYPE PRODUIT	TIG 160HF	REFERENCE	9219102
DESSINE PAR		APPROUVE	DATE 27/11/2003
PROPRIETAIRE	Alimentation auxiliaire		
GYS CONSTRUCTIONS ELECTRIQUES ET ELECTRONIQUES	INDUSTRIALISATION Ind3	REVISION 0	FEUILLE No 1/8

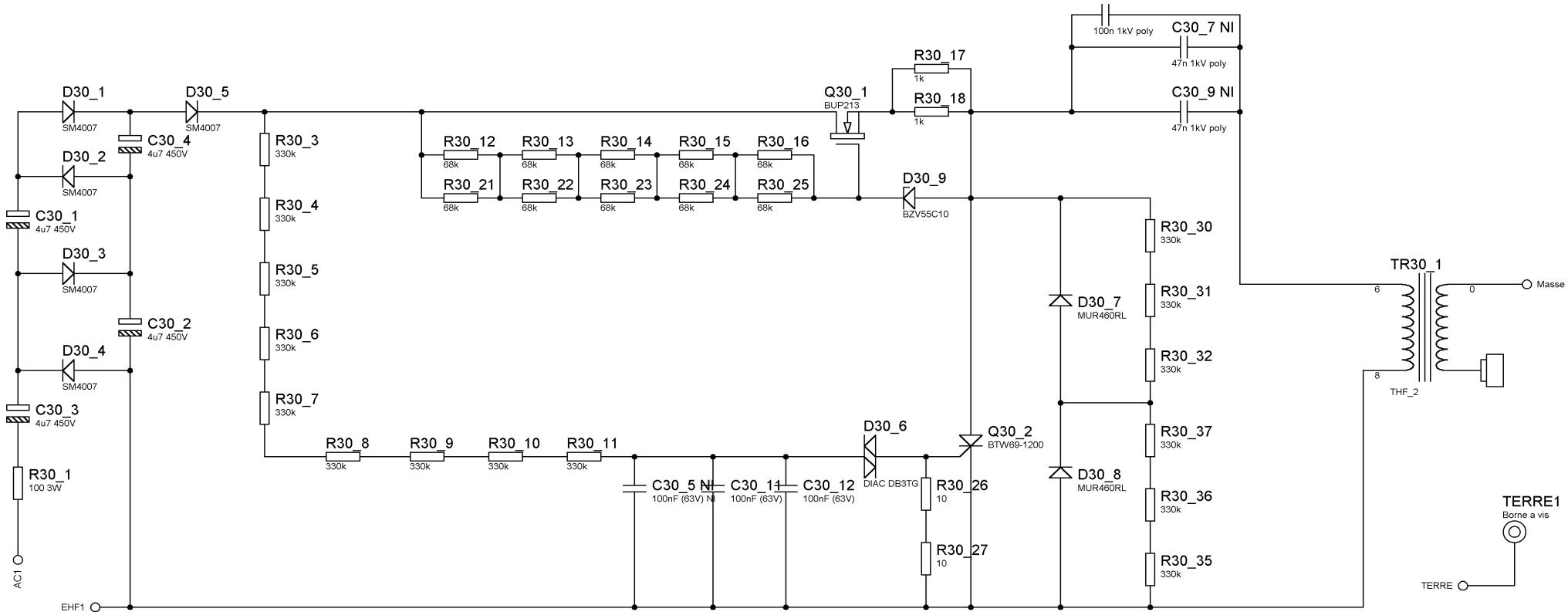
CAUTION: Do not remove components on this part of the diagram before handing-over UNDER TENSION: Risk of destruction of the machine.

Schema 2 : Power group Protection + SMI

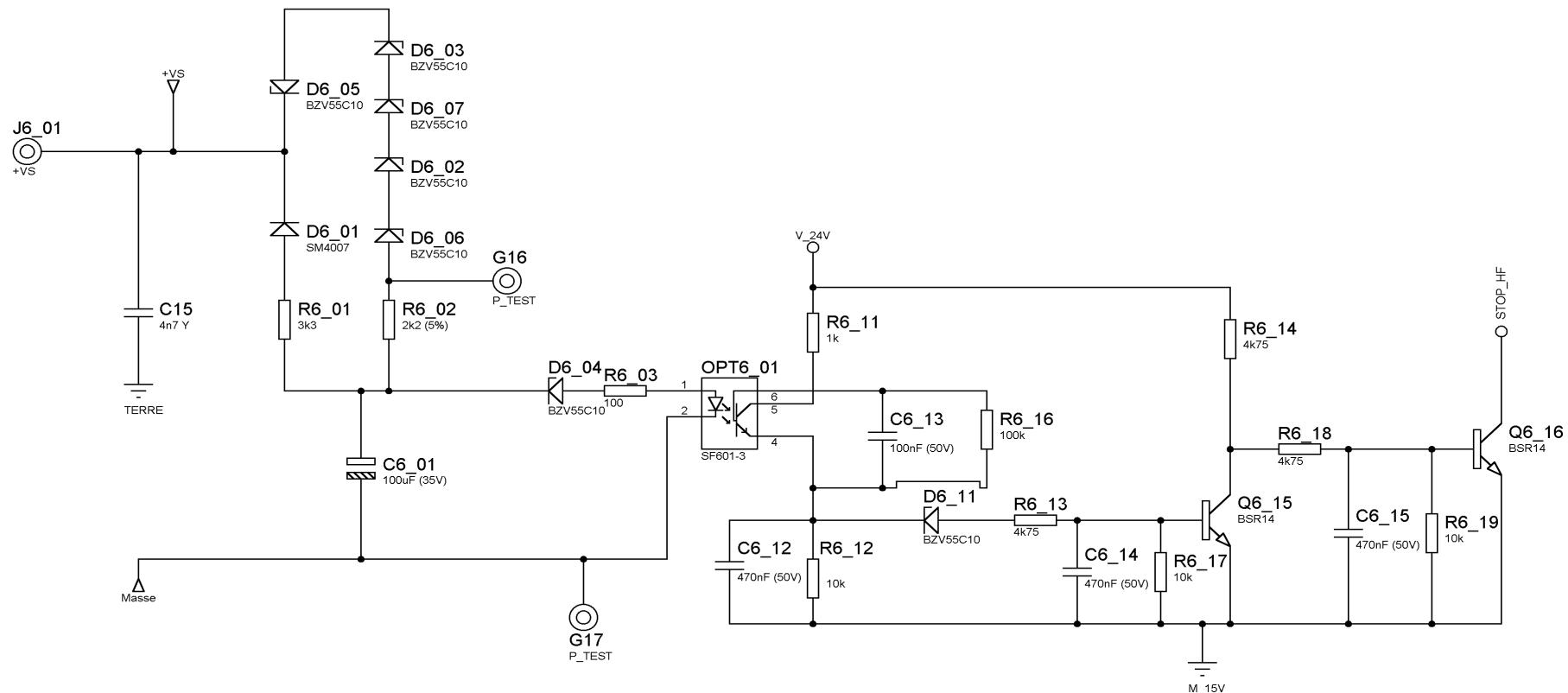
TYPE PRODUIT	TIG 160HF	REFERENCE	9219102
DESSINE PAR		APPROUVE	
PROPRIETAIRE	CEM, Alim haute, SMI, Protection surtension		
GYS CONSTRUCTIONS ELECTRIQUES ET ELECTRONIQUES	INDUSTRIALISATION	REVISION	0
Ind3	0	FEUILLE NO	2/8

Schema 3 : PWM generator + Thermal protection

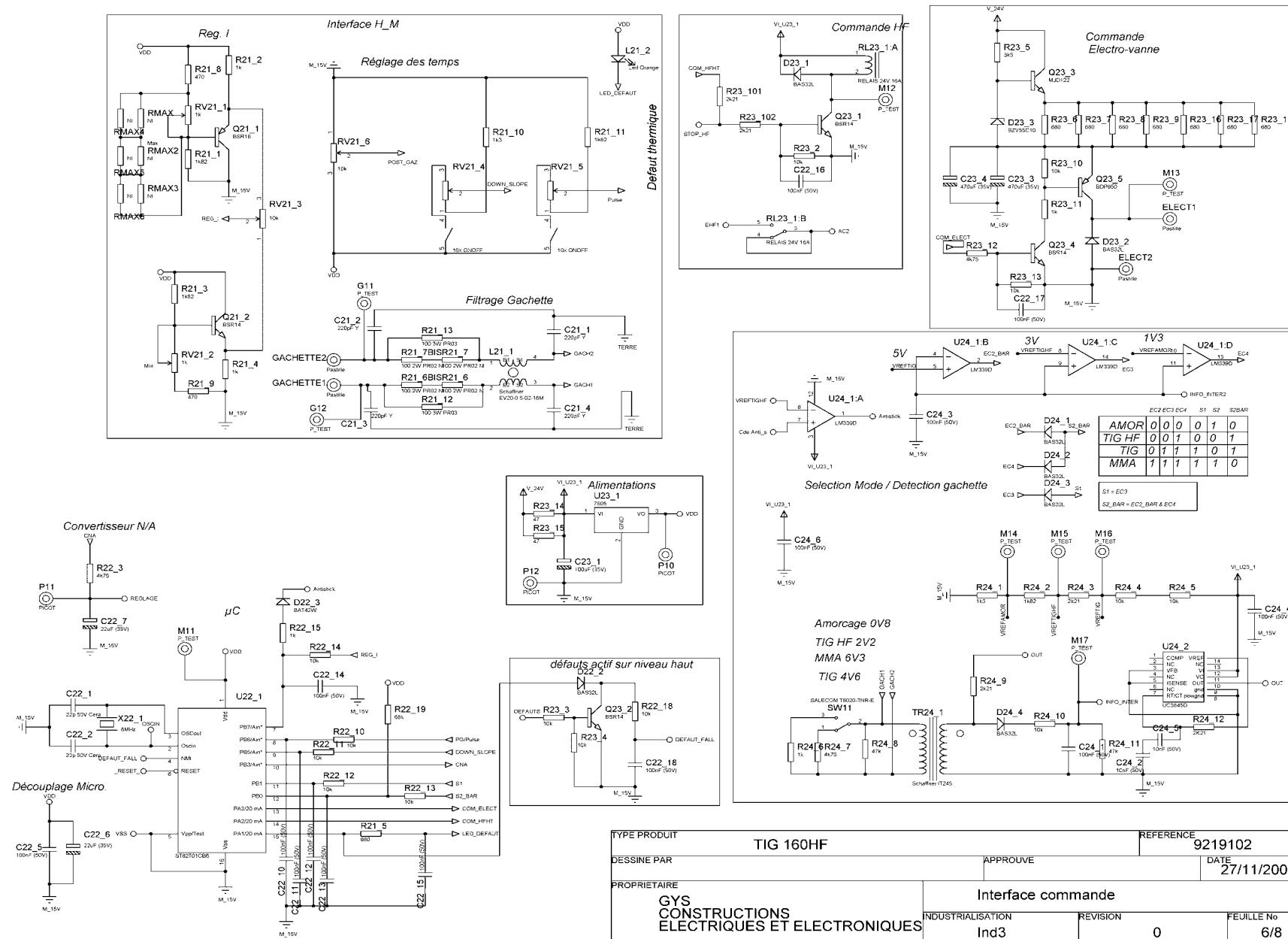
TYPE PRODUIT	TIG 160HF	REFERENCE	9219102
DESSINE PAR		APPROUVE	
PROPRIETAIRE	Commande Puissance, Protection thermique		
GYS CONSTRUCTIONS ELECTRIQUES ET ELECTRONIQUES	INDUSTRIALISATION	REVISION	FEUILLE N°
	Ind3	0	3/8

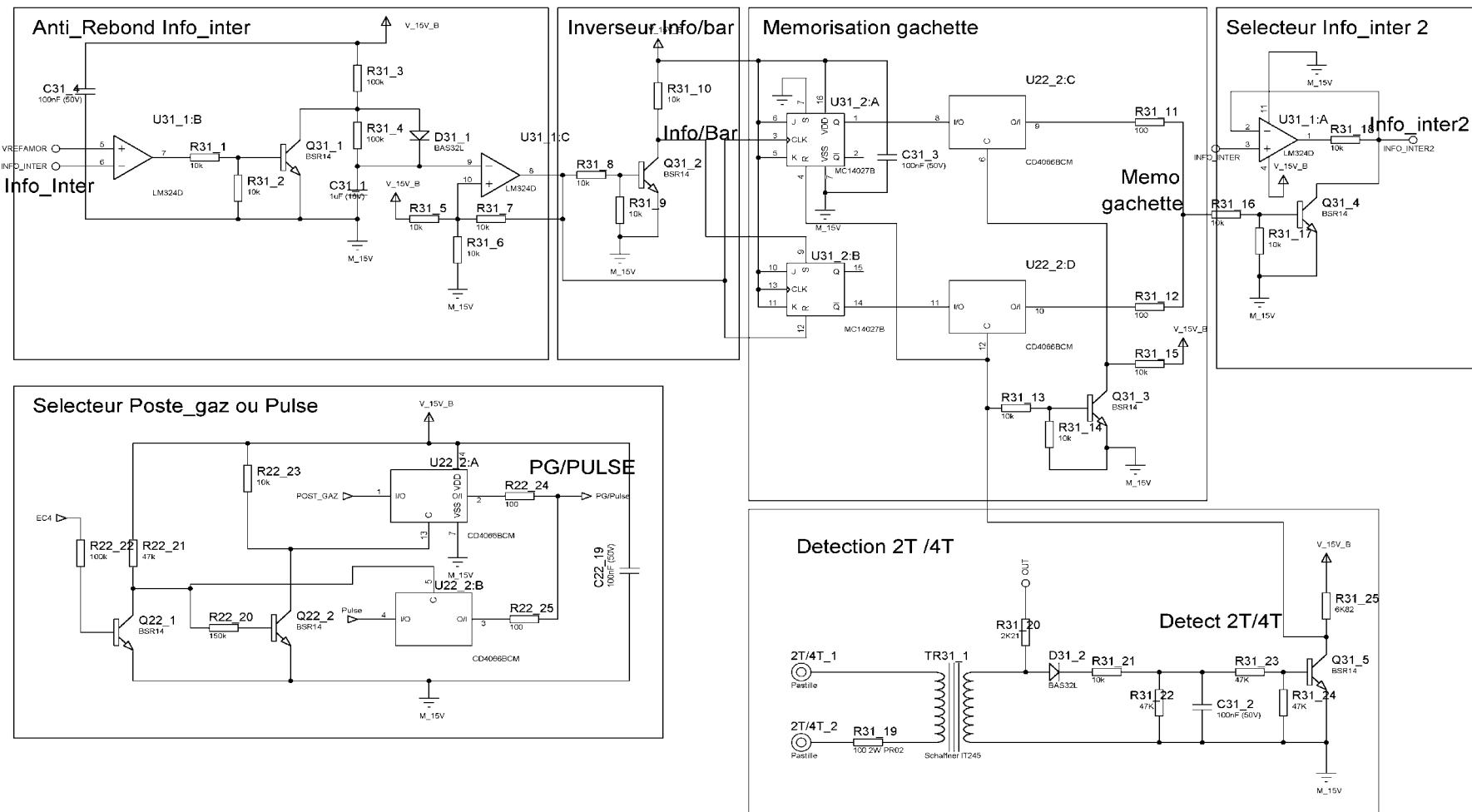
Schema 4 : Frequency high voltage

TYPE PRODUIT	TIG 160HF	REFERENCE	9219102
DESSINE PAR		APPROUVE	DATE 27/11/2003
PROPRIETAIRE	Module amorçage HF		
GYS CONSTRUCTIONS ELECTRIQUES ET ELECTRONIQUES	INDUSTRIALISATION Ind3	REVISION 0	FEUILLE No 4/8

Schema 5 : Detection of the output voltage

TYPE PRODUIT	TIG 160HF	REFERENCE	9219102
DESSINE PAR		APPROUVE	DATE 27/11/2003
PROPRIETAIRE	Detection de la tension d'amorçage		
GYS CONSTRUCTIONS ELECTRIQUES ET ELECTRONIQUES	INDUSTRIALISATION Ind3	REVISION 0	FEUILLE No 5/8

Schema 6 : Micro-Controller + Control command of Signal

Schema 7 : Detection 2T/4T and Pulse

TYPE PRODUIT	TIG 160HF	REFERENCE	9219102
DESSINE PAR	DAVID LEKIC	APPROUVE	
PROPRIETAIRE	GYS CONSTRUCTIONS ELECTRIQUES ET ELECTRONIQUES		
	INDUSTRIALISATION	REVISION	
	Ind3	0	FEUILLE No
			7/8

6) Test Points and components repaired on the main Board (page 1)

Command electromagnetic slice

V_15_B

Drain

R_0013

+V_Pont

R07_1

Fixation

LVG

GMB_Avr

HVG

+60volts

Masse

- Masse Alim

Secondaire

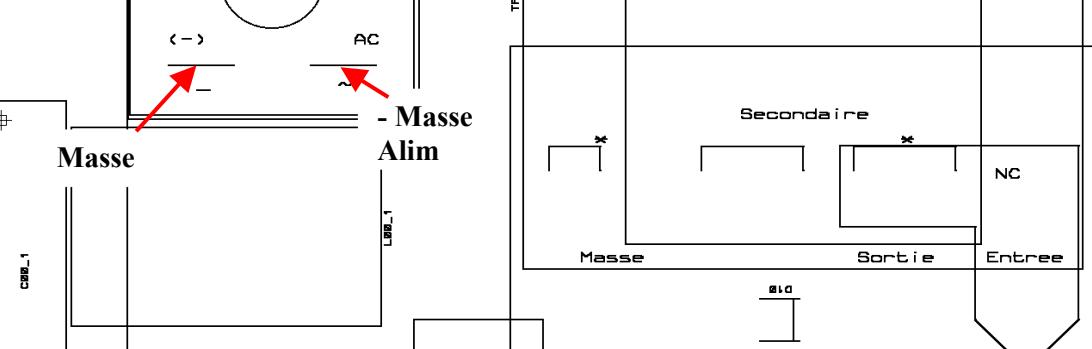
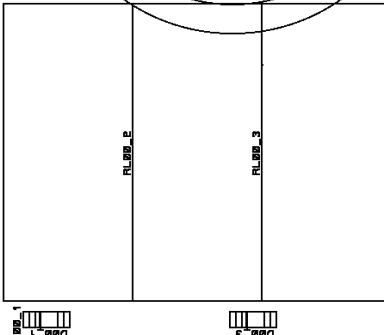
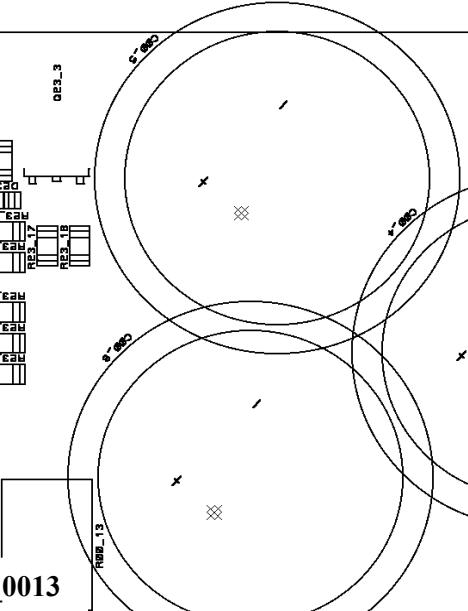
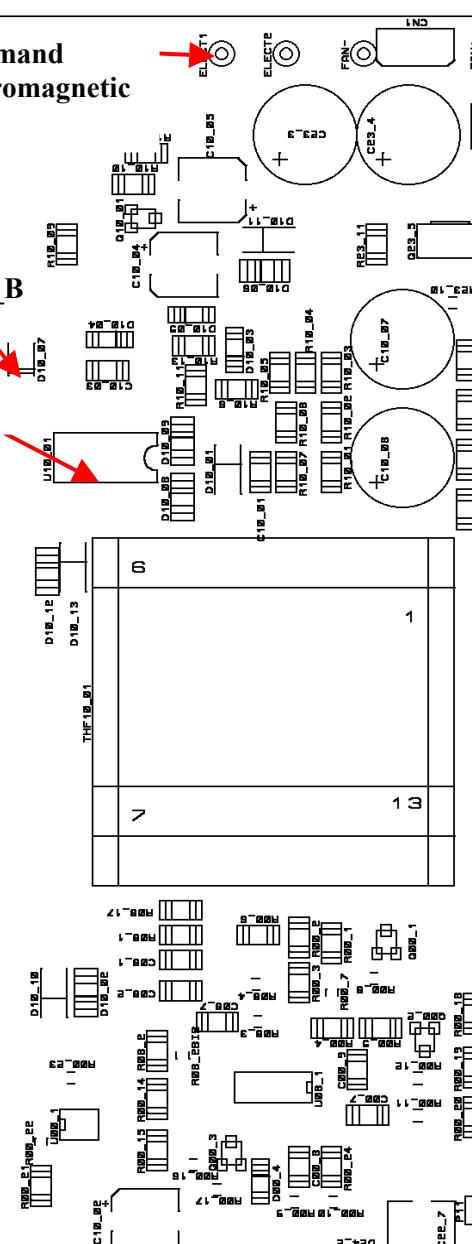
Masse

D18

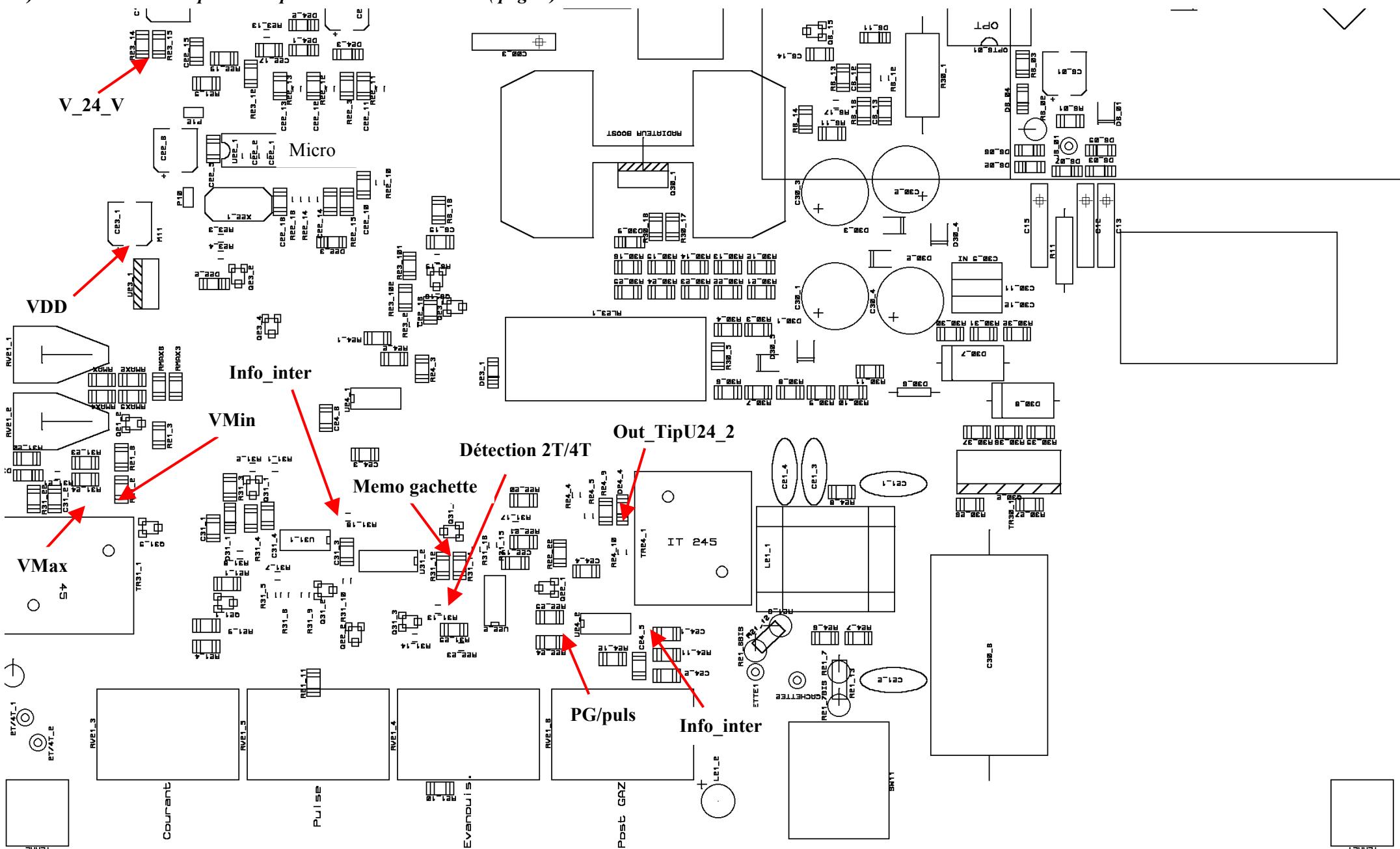
NC

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Entree



6.1) Test Points and components repaired on the main Board (page 2)



7) Bill of materials of the PCB Index 2.0

BILL OF MATERIALS (Default)			
Design: Y:\008_TIG 160HF\Ind2_3\PCB\PCB TIG 160HF Ind2_3.DSN			
Doc. no.: <NONE>			
Revision: <NONE>			
Author: <NONE>			
Created: 08-Oct-96			
Modified: 18/11/03			
Partslist generated OK.			
QTY PART-REFS	VALUE	REFGYS	
---	----	-----	-----
Modules			
18 M01,M02,M03,M04,M05,M06,M07, M08,M09,M10,M11,M12,M13,M14, M15,M16,M17,M18	P_TEST	NULL	
Resistors			
18 R00_1,R00_2,R00_3,R30_3, R30_4,R30_5,R30_6,R30_7, R30_8,R30_9,R30_10,R30_11, R30_30,R30_31,R30_32,R30_35, R30_36,R30_37	330k	64024	
3 R00_4,R00_5,R00_21 21 R00_6,R00_16,R00_19,R00_20, R05_3,R05_4,R05_8,R05_9, R10_01,R10_02,R10_03,R10_04, R10_05,R10_6,R10_07,R10_08, R10_14,R10_15,R10_16,R10_17, R22_20	6k82 150k	64043 64020	
47 R00_7,R00_8,R00_9,R00_10, R00_11,R00_12,R00_16,R00_17, R00_22,R00_23,R06_3BEIS,R6_12, R6_17,R6_19,R00_2BEIS,R08_3, R08_4,R22_10,R22_11,R22_12, R22_13,R22_14,R22_16,R22_23, R23_2,R23_3,R23_4,R23_10, R23_13,R23_4,R24_5,R24_10, R31_1,R31_2,R31_5,R31_6, R31_7,R31_8,R31_9,R31_10, R31_13,R31_14,R31_15,R31_16, R31_17,R31_18,R31_21	10k	64048	
1 R00_13 7 R00_14,R00_15,R00_11,R10_12, R22_21,R24_8,R24_11	4.7 11W 47k	63146 64033	
7 R00_24,R03_6,R03_7,R6_16, R22_22,R31_3,R31_4	100k	64040	
6 R01_1,R06_1,R21_1,R21_3, R21_11,R24_2	1k82	64009	
9 R01_4,R6_11,R21_2,R21_4, R22_15,R23_11,R24_6,R30_17, R30_18	1k	64004	
3 R04_5,R04_6,R07_8 9 R04_7,R05_5,R05_6,R6_03, R07_6,R22_24,R22_25,R31_11, R31_12	221 100	64035 64015	
7 R05_1,R07_1,R07_2,R07_3, R10_13,R30_26,R30_27	221 NI 10	64035 NI 64012	
12 R05_7,R22_19,R30_12,R30_13, R30_14,R30_15,R30_16,R30_21, R30_22,R30_23,R30_24,R30_25	68k	64053	
2 R06_3,R08_2 7 R06_7,R06_8,R6_01,R07_4, R10_09,R10_10,R33_5	NI 3k3	64053 64021	
1 R6_02 7 R6_13,R6_14,R6_18,R08_17, R22_3,R23_12,R24_7	2k2 (5+) 4k75	63112 64013	
3 R07_5,R23_14,R23_15 3 R07_7,R21_8,R21_9	47 470	64018 64108	
5 R08_1,R23_101,R23_102,R24_3, R24_9	2k21	64010	
1 R11_— 8 R21_5,R23_6,R23_7,R23_8, R23_9,R23_16,R23_17,R23_18	10M 3kV 680	63082 64003	
4 R21_6,R21_6BTS,R21_7, R21_7BIS	100 2W PR02 NI	63081 NI	
2 R21_10,R24_1 2 R21_12,R21_13	1k3 100 3W PR03	64032 63114	
2 R24_12,R31_20 1 R30_1	2k21 100 3W	64010 63174	
1 R31_19 3 R31_22,R31_23,R31_24	100 2W PR02 47K	63081 64033	
1 R31_25	6k82	64043	
Capacitors			
1 C00_1 5 C00_2,C00_3,C12,C13,C15 3 C00_4,C00_5,C00_6 10 C00_7,C04_7,C05_4,C05_5, C05_6,C6_12,C6_14,C6_15, C08_1,C08_7 3 C00_8,C04_4,C31_1 23 C00_9,C05_2,C6_13,C08_2, C10_03,C22_5,C22_10,C22_11, C22_12,C22_13,C22_14,C22_15, C22_16,C22_17,C22_18,C22_19, C24_1,C24_3,C24_4,C24_6, C31_2,C31_3,C31_4	1uF(X2 400V) 4n7 Y 470uF (400V) 470nF (50V) 1uF (16V) 100nF (50V)	63462 63461 63447 64028 64029 64006	
Relay			
4 RL00_1,RL00_2,RL00_3,RL23_1	RELAIS 24V 16A 52601		
Resistor var			
2 RV21_1,RV21_2 2 RV21_3,RV21_6 2 RV21_4,RV21_5	1k 10k 10k ONOFF	63086 63096 63087	
SMI			
1 SMI1	SMI_IND4		
Miscellaneous			
2 2T/4T 1,2T/4T 2 4 AC1,AC2,PE1,PE2 1 CIRCUIT NU 1 CN1 1 CONNECTEUR CDE 1 ECRU MS 6 ELECT1,ELECT2,FAN+,FAN-, GACHETTE1,GACHETTE2 15 G01,G02,G03,G04,G05,G06,G07, G08,G09,G10,G11,G12,G13,G16, G17 1 INVERSEUR 2T/4T 1 J6_01 1 L00_1 1 L00_2 NI 1 L01_1 1 L01_2 NI 1 L02_1 1 L02_2 1 OPT6_01 10 P1,P2,P5,P6,P7,P8,P9,P10,P11, P12	Pastille Faston CIRCUIT NU CN_FAN CONNECTEUR CDE DS_Crante Pastille NULL SALECOM T8013-TXXXXX +VS 32V31SV3 EV20-0.5-02-18M63665 Led Orange SF601-3 PICOT	75028 64194 Indl 64256 51126 41154 NULL SALECOM T8013-TXXXXX +VS 32V31SV3 EV20-0.5-02-18M63665 63367 63328 SF601-3 63455	
1 PONT50A 1 RADIAUTEUR BOOST 1 RADIAUTEUR SMI 6 RMAX,RMAX2,RMAX3,RMAX4,RMAX5, RMAX6 1 RONDELLE 1 SUPPORT DIL16 1 SW11 2 TERRE,TERRE1 1 THPI10_01 1 TORE 1 TR1 2 TR24_1,TR31_1 1 TR30_1 1 VARO0_1 5 VIS1,VIS2,VIS3,VIS4,VIS5 1 VIS6 1 VIS7 1 X22_1	50A RADIAUTEUR BOOST 98x150 NI M3 41230 SUPPORT DIL16 SALECOM T8020-T64068 Borne a vis 63149 THF_AUX1 64132 BTI T157-26 TR_E55 64124 Schaffner IR24563666 THF 2 64133 SK14K420 63446 M5 Torx 41231 M3x15 41039 M5 x 12 41095 8MHz	52215 64200 64200 41230 64092 SALECOM T8020-T64068 Borne a vis 63149 THF_AUX1 64132 BTI T157-26 TR_E55 64124 Schaffner IR24563666 THF 2 64133 SK14K420 63446 M5 Torx 41231 M3x15 41039 M5 x 12 41095 8MHz	
Integrated Circuits			
1 U00_1 2 U04_1,U24_2 1 U05_1 2 U08_1,U31_1 1 U10_01 1 U22_1 1 U22_2 1 U23_1 1 U24_1 1 U31_2	TL431AI UC3845D L6386 LM324D VIPER22DIP ST62T01CB6 CD4066BCM 7805 LM339D MC14027B	64063 64057 64079 64054 63501 64066 64254 63510 64056 64266	
Transistors			
18 Q00_1,Q00_2,Q00_3,Q01_3, Q01_5,Q06_16,Q10_01,Q21_2, Q25_1,Q25_2,Q25_3,Q23_2, Q23_4,Q31_1,Q31_2,Q31_3, Q31_4,Q31_5	BSR14	64002	
Diodes			
1 Q01_4 2 Q04_2,Q21_1 1 Q23_3 1 Q23_5 1 Q30_1 1 Q30_2	PZT2222A BSR16 MJD122 BDP950 EUP213 BTW69-1200	64106 64001 64052 64107 64091 64096	
Diodes			
14 D00_1,D00_3,D00_4,D06_1, D10_05,D02_2,D23_1,D23_2, D24_1,D24_2,D24_3,D24_4, D31_1,D31_2	BAS32L	64014	
4 D01_5,D10_02,D10_06,D10_12 4 D01_6,D05_3,D05_4,D10_04 1 D10_7 3 D05_2,D05_5,D22_3 1 D06_2 7 D06_1,D10_07,D30_1,D30_2, D30_3,D30_4,D30_5 9 D6_02,D6_03,D6_04,D6_05, D6_06,D6_07,D6_11,D23_3, D30_9	BYD77D BZV55C16 BYG22D BAT42W LL42 NI SM4007 BZV55C10	64000 64023 64XXX 64026 64026 NI 64030 64027	
1 Fan			
1 1 électromagnetic sluice	92*92*12 24Volt continu	51032 71505	

8) Chronogram of operation according for mode 2T /4T and the trigger torch

