

7W AUDIO AMPLIFIER

NOT FOR NEW DESIGN

The TBS810P is an improvement of TBA810S.

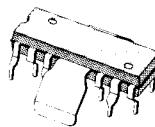
It offers:

- Higher output power ($R_L = 4\Omega$ and 2Ω)
- Low noise
- Polarity inversion protection
- Fortuitous open ground protection
- High supply voltage rejection (40dB min.)

The TBA810P is a monolithic integrated circuit in a 12-lead quad in-line plastic package, intended for use as a low frequency class B amplifier.

The TBA810P provides 7W output power at 16V/ 4Ω ; 7W at 14.4/ 2Ω .

It gives high output current (up to 3A), high efficiency (75% at 60W output) very low harmonic and crossover distortion. The circuit is provided with a thermal limiting circuit and can withstand a short-circuit on the load for supply voltages up to 15V.



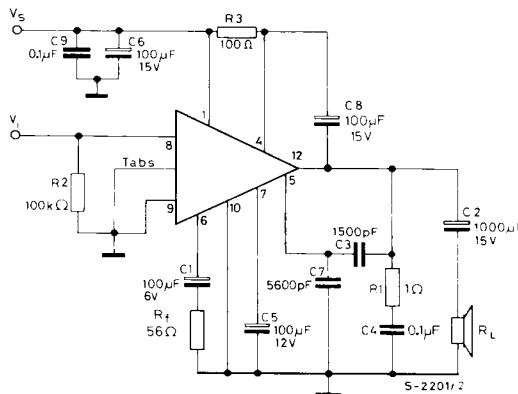
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ORDER CODE: TBA810P

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

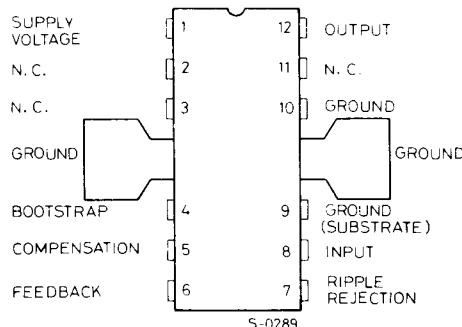
V_s	Supply voltage	20	V
I_o	Output peak current (non repetitive)	4	A
I_o	Output peak current (repetitive)	3	A
P_{tot}	Power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 80^\circ C$	1	W
	$T_{tab} \leq 90^\circ C$	5	W
T_{stg}, T_j	Storage and junction temperature	-40 to 150	$^\circ C$

TEST AND APPLICATION CIRCUIT

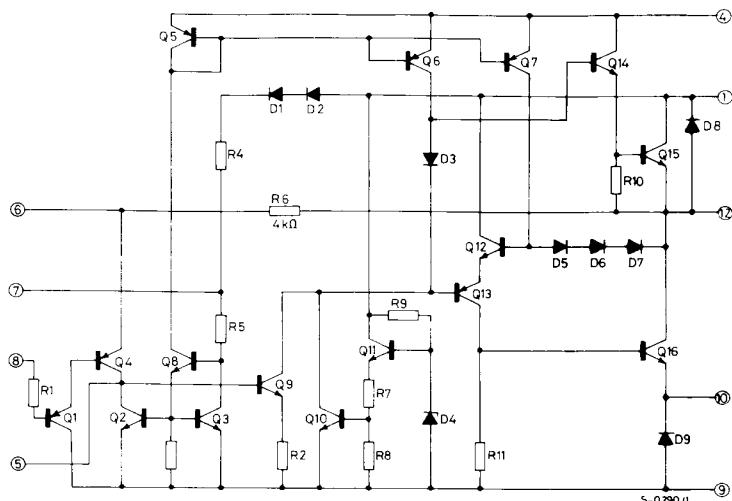


CONNECTION DIAGRAM

(Top view)



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



THERMAL DATA

$R_{thj-tab}$	Thermal resistance junction-tab	max	12	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	70*	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

* Obtained with tabs soldered to printed circuit with minimized copper area

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Refer to the test circuit; $V_s = 14.4V$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
V_s	Supply voltage (pin 1)	4		20	V	
V_o	Quiescent output voltage (pin 2)	6.4	7.2	8	V	
I_d	Quiescent drain current		12	20	mA	
I_b	Input bias current		0.4		μA	
P_o	Output power	$d = 10\%$ $R_L = 4\Omega$ $R_L = 2\Omega$	5.5 5.5	6 7	W W	
$V_i(rms)$	Input saturation voltage		220		mV	
R_i	Input resistance (pin 8)		5		M Ω	
B	Frequency response (-3dB)	$R_L = 4\Omega/2\Omega$ $C_3 = 820\text{pF}$ $C_3 = 150\text{pF}$		40 to 20,000 40 to 10,000	Hz Hz	
d	Distortion	$P_o = 50\text{mW}$ to 2.5W $R_L = 4\Omega/2\Omega$ $f = 1\text{KHz}$		0.3	%	
G_v	Voltage gain (open loop)	$R_L = 4\Omega$ $f = 1\text{KHz}$		80	dB	
G_v	Voltage gain (closed loop)	$R_L = 4\Omega/2\Omega$ $f = 1\text{KHz}$	34	37	40	dB
e_N	Input noise voltage	$V_s = 16V$		2	μV	
i_N	Input noise current	$B(-3dB) = 40$ to $15,000\text{Hz}$		80	pA	
η	Efficiency	$P_o = 6\text{W}$ $f = 1\text{KHz}$		75	%	
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$R_L = 4\Omega$ $f_{ripple} = 10\text{Hz}$	$V_{ripple} = 1\text{V}_{rms}$	40	48	dB

Fig. 1 - Output power vs. supply voltage

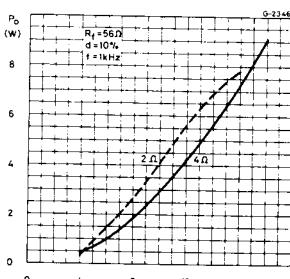


Fig. 2 - Maximum power dissipation vs. supply voltage (sine wave operation)

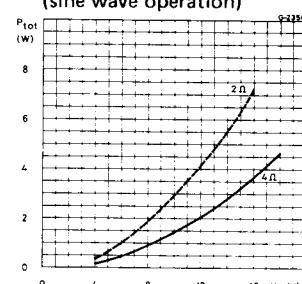


Fig. 3 - Value of C3 vs. feedback resistance for various values of B

